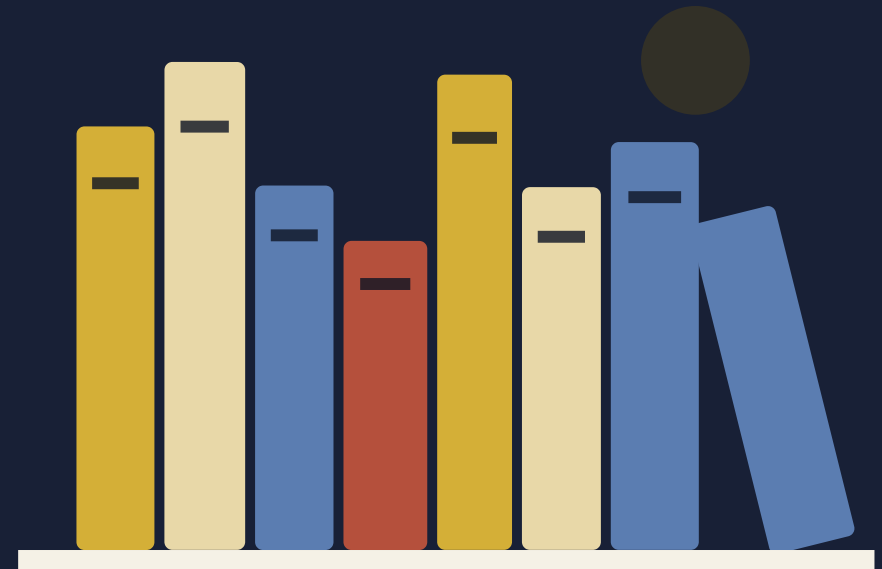


MODERN HISTORY

# The Indian Freedom Struggle

From 1857 to Independence in 1947

Student Name · Class / Section · History



# Agenda

**01** Introduction

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**02** Background

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**03** Events

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**04** Impact

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Image



**Ninety years of struggle,  
millions of people, one  
dream of freedom.**

Why it matters

# Overview

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- ▶ A long movement against colonial rule
- ▶ Moderates, revolutionaries and mass movements
- ▶ Non-violence became its most powerful tool
- ▶ Independence came on 15 August 1947

## REMEMBER

**Many movements ran side by side, in every region.**

# Key dates

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**1857**

## **Revolt**

The great uprising

**1930**

## **Salt March**

Civil Disobedience

**1885**

## **Congress**

Indian National Congress  
founded

**1947**

## **Freedom**

India becomes  
independent

# A nationwide movement

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Map / illustration

**From cities to villages, every region took part.**

Protests, boycotts and marches spread through newspapers, songs and meetings in many languages.

# Who was involved

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## **Leaders** **ORGANISERS**

Led movements and inspired millions.



## **Students** **YOUTH**

Joined boycotts and protests.



## **Women** **PARTICIPANTS**

Marched, picketed and organised.

# At a glance

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| Year | Event            | Significance                |
|------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1919 | Jallianwala Bagh | Turned opinion against rule |
| 1930 | Salt March       | Mass civil disobedience     |
| 1942 | Quit India       | Final mass movement         |

*Dates are approximate where historians differ.*

# Before and after

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## Before

- ✓ Colonial rule
- ✓ No vote for most people
- ✓ Economic exploitation

## After

- Sovereign nation
- Universal adult franchise
- Own Constitution

# History lives on

Thank you for listening.

Student Name

Class / Section

